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Getting the best from your 360 degree feedback

360 degree feedback is a powerful tool – but it needs to be used properly if it is to give you the benefits you’re looking for. Read through these notes carefully before you begin – they are designed to help you get the best from your investment. And we are sure you will find your experience with Appraisal360 both rewarding and enjoyable.

What it is...

360 degree feedback is a way of getting an accurate assessment of your behaviour and attitudes as you go about your daily business. This Appraisal360 is based around a competency framework. A competency being a behaviour which has been shown to be important to success in a particular job or situation. The system will ask you – and the people you ask to give feedback – a series of questions in a random order about your behaviours and how they match up against these competencies. The report you get at the end of the process collates their responses – and your own – under the headings of the competencies you chose to be assessed on.

By choosing a particular Appraisal360 product you have chosen a set of competencies which closely match the sort of job you do. You will find that there are a number of mandatory competencies which everyone doing your type of job must have if they are to be successful, and there may also be a number of optional competencies you can pick and choose to your personal preference.

The thing that makes 360 feedback different is that unlike most systems, which are based on your perception of yourself and on how you think you behave in a given situation, Appraisal360 is based on a number of other people’s perception of you as well as your own. This makes 360 feedback very powerful and difficult to ignore!

To get the best from Appraisal360 you need a clear idea of what it is, and is not, intended to achieve.

- 360 feedback really gives you the opportunity to improve and develop your career by clearly showing you the things you need to do.
- It can be used as part of the process of looking at your training and development needs for the future.
- When you are planning your career it can give you an idea of how you rate against the competencies you will need for your next job and show you what you need to do to progress.
And isn’t....

But....

- 360 feedback is not a psychometric tool or personality test. It looks at your behaviours, (i.e. on what you actually do in a given situation)
- Appraisal360 should not be used to decide on promotion or reward; it is a system to help you with your personal and professional development. Linking it to reward puts unfair pressure on the respondents – and they may not be as honest as you need them to be.
- Appraisal360 is only effective if you take the results seriously and respect the fact that people have been genuine in what they say about you in order to help you improve.
- Feedback needs to be given in a climate of openness and honesty and it is important to ask your respondents to tell the truth even if they think you won’t like it.
Using the system

The two most important questions you must ask yourself before you begin are:

a) who will you choose to give feedback and
b) if there are optional competencies in your workset, which ones should you choose?

Choosing your respondents

It’s tempting to ask people you think will all say nice things about you to give feedback – but don’t! If you really want to use this opportunity to develop then look for people a) who really have had the opportunity to observe you sufficiently to have a realistic idea of how you behave and b) who you trust to give honest feedback. Of course, it’s always possible that there’s someone you’ve upset at some time and you need to think carefully about whether to include him or her on your list.

Choosing your competencies

Your workset will come with a number of mandatory competencies – these are behaviours which are seen as vital for anyone in your position. But you may also have the chance to choose a number of additional optional competencies. The system will tell you how many you can choose, but look carefully at the definitions and think carefully about what is important for the job you do, or the job you would like to do.

Compiling your questionnaire

Once you have chosen your competencies you tell the system to compile your questionnaire. This means that all the questions relating to your chosen competencies will be compiled in a random order for you and your respondents to answer online. Now you are ready to invite your chosen respondents to fill in your online questionnaire.

Inviting respondents

In your control panel you will see a space for your respondents. These are the people you wish to ask to give feedback and we recommend that for best results you choose about six. Click on the <add> link for each one and you will be asked to give the name and email address of each of your chosen respondents. They will then each get an email containing a link to your questionnaire. If they lose the email you can resend it my clicking the <resend email> link. If you change your mind about your choice of respondent you can choose a different one by using the <re-assign> link as long as they have not already started to fill in the questionnaire.

You must also fill in your own self perception by following the link on the control panel. You must answer all questions including any free text questions.

Reviewing progress

Once your respondents start to fill in your question set their status on the control panel will change to <In Progress>. As each respondent completes all the questions their status will change to <Completed>. At this point you can no longer change your mind.
and remove that respondent. Once all your respondents have completed and submitted their results and you have filled out your own self perception your report will appear on the control panel ready for you to view.

**Getting your report.** As soon as your report is ready a new link will appear at the bottom of the control panel. This will allow you to look at your report online. If you want to print it you can do so from your browser, or you can save a copy of it in .xls format by clicking the download link on the report page.

The rest of this workbook is intended to help you interpret your report and build your own personal action plan.
Interpreting your results

This section helps you to work through the feedback from your Appraisal360 report.

It consists of four parts:

- Frame of mind
- Initial reactions to the feedback
- Examining the data in detail
- How you feel about the data and what it means
- Actions to take

Format of the report.

The first section of the report shows the scoring for each competency in order with your strongest competency first and your weakest competency last. This section shows the average results for all behaviours which make up that competency.

The next section shows each competency broken down in detail. At the top of each competency section you will see two bar charts. These are identical to the ones shown in the Summary section. The top bar is the average of the scores you gave yourself on all the questions within the competency. The bottom one is the average of the scores given by respondents on all questions within the competency.

There follows a detailed breakdown of the scoring for each behaviour. First the score you gave yourself (your self perception), then the average score from all your respondents and finally the individual scores given by each respondent colour coded according to their relationship to you. These individual scores are presented in a random order which changes each time the report is generated – but the columns are consistent. For example: the score in column 2 will be from the same respondent all the way through the report.

The final section gives the answers – also in a random order - to the free style questions which were asked in the survey.
The thing to keep in mind at this point is that you have asked these people to give you feedback and therefore you value their opinion.

Managing your reaction to feedback.

Don’t reject or deny feedback that you find difficult - this can be where people rate you as better than you think you are yourself as well as where they think you need to improve.

Ask yourself, "Why would they give me this feedback?"
- "What do I do that has led them to give me this feedback?"
- "What don’t I do?"
- "Can I bring to mind specific examples of behaviour that may have led to these perceptions?"

If you truly do not understand some feedback then it may be useful to go back to the people who gave you the feedback to ask for specific examples of the behaviours you display that have led to the feedback. Be very careful when doing this. You have to explain that you are taking their views seriously and that you genuinely want to change your behaviour.

Remember - there are no bad results, all feedback is useful and everyone has development needs!
Stage 2 - Initial reactions to your feedback.

In this space just write down your initial high level reactions to the feedback as a whole. Is it what you expected? Are there any shocks or surprises?
Stage 3 - Examining the data in detail

The next thing to do is to look through each of these sections in detail.

As you are looking at the data you will see that some statements have a wide variation in ratings on this particular statement - a strong positive rating by one person may have been cancelled out by a strong negative rating by another. The average may be the same as another statement but the implications are different. Therefore you need to consider why there should be a wide variation in this particular area. (see note on last page)

Firstly look through the rest of this section. To begin the process of understanding the feedback data consider the following template as a guide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Known Development Needs</th>
<th>Known Strengths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High Awareness</td>
<td>High Awareness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Strength</td>
<td>High Strength</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Blind Spots</th>
<th>Hidden Lights</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Low Awareness</td>
<td>Low Awareness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Strength</td>
<td>High Strength</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Known strengths are where you and others agree that these are well developed behaviours. You may find that you have some known strengths within less well developed competencies.

Write down known strengths here:

________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
are where you and others agree that these are less well developed behaviours. You may find that you have some known development needs within competencies which have come out as strengths.

Write down known development needs here:

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________
Hidden lights are where others believe you have a strength that you do not see, i.e. where they have scored you higher than you have yourself. These are usually where you say to yourself, "I didn't realise I was so good at..."

Write down hidden lights here:

________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
**Blind Spots** are where others believe you have a development need that you do not see, i.e. where they have scored you lower than you have yourself. These are usually where you say to yourself "I didn't expect them to say I was bad at …"

Write down blind spots here:

________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
Next you need to look at the detail of each competency in turn.

Start with your most developed competency. As you can see the behavioural statements are listed from most developed within this competency to least developed. Remember that this is a clear strength so you are performing well on even the least developed behaviour!

Consider and make notes on the following:

- Do you make the best use of these strengths?
- If not how could you make better use of them?
  Write down any instances of where you have used these strengths to best advantage.
- How can you carry on using these strengths to your own and the organisation’s benefit?
Next consider your **least well developed competency**. This is where you can make most difference to your performance.

Consider and make notes on the following:
- Are these areas that you recognise as development needs?
- What are you going to do to improve?
- How will you measure your improvement?
- How will improving these be of benefit to you and your organisation?
Now go through the remaining competencies in any order. Pick out areas for improvement in each of these competencies and list them below:

________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
Stage 4 - What this information means and how you feel about it

Now you need to reflect on the data you have collected from the report. Think about:

- What you like/agree with
- What you dislike/disagree with
- Does one person rate you consistently differently than others? (see note on last page)
- What are the messages you are receiving about what to change?
- Have you been given the same feedback before?
- What are the key things that are going to make the difference to you and your performance?
Taking Action

Now you need to stand back and think about what you are going to do with all this information.

Having understood the feedback what are you going to do about it?

What are your priorities?:

- To develop performance in your current role?
- To build relationships with individuals or groups of people?
- To develop skills for the future?
- To improve how you do specific tasks?

Identify those areas of your performance that you feel are most important and focus on them. Take account of what matters to your colleagues, your line manager and the organisation.

Remember that these behaviours have probably been the ones you have used (or not used) for some time so you are not going to change them overnight!

Use the summary form on the next page to summarise your thinking at this point. Start with you most developed competency and then choose three others that you believe will really make a difference to your performance.

Summary Form (example)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development Competence</th>
<th>Key Behaviours</th>
<th>Benefit from improving or maintaining</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Influencing Skills     | • Listening to the views of others before adding my own.  
                          • Preparing a well supported argument  
                          • Understanding how other people are influenced | • Will be better prepared for meetings  
                                                                 • Conflict will be reduced  
                                                                 • Will get others on my side  
                                                                 • My views will get heard without upsetting others |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Most Developed Competence</th>
<th>Key behaviours</th>
<th>Carry On With</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>– a real strength</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development Competence</th>
<th>Key behaviours</th>
<th>Benefit from improving/maintaining</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>– something to improve on</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development Competence</th>
<th>Key behaviours</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>– something to improve on</td>
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<th>Development Competence</th>
<th>Key behaviours</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>– something to improve on</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Changing behaviours

Think about various actions you could take:

- Direct action yourself
- Involving others
- On the job development
- Off the job development

You may want to consider a mixture of these actions. For example in relation to Influencing Skills:

**Direct Action**

- Decide on a situation that you want to influence
- Plan your approach
- Explain to someone else who is going to be there what you are trying to do and ask them to give you direct feedback after the event
- Reflect on your performance and plan for the next situation

**Involving Others**

- Observe someone who has well developed skills in this area and then ask them to coach you on how to approach an influencing situation

**On the job development**

- Ask for an assignment that will test your influencing skills. Ask for support from your manager or coach.

**Off the job development**

- Attend a formal course on Influencing Skills

The last part of the planning section is to put together a specific measurable achievable relevant and timed (SMART) action plan.

Think about the next 3 months:

- What specifically are you going to do?
- When are you going to do it?
- What difference will it make if you get it right?
- How will you know when you have succeeded?
- How will you measure your success?
- Is what you have planned achievable in the time?

Remember it is better to complete one action than leave ten unfinished!

Use the forms on the next pages to complete your action plan. There is an example on the first page.

When you have done this you need to consider the next steps:

- Obtain your line managers agreement and support for the plan
- Seek the support of others
- Allocate time to review and update your plan
- Go for some early successes
- Expect people to be surprised when they see you change -
don’t let it put you off!

- Carry on asking for feedback and acting on it
- Consider carrying out another on-line review in 3-6 months

Good Luck with your continued development!
### Action Planner (example)

| Barriers          |  |  |
|-------------------|  |  |
| Time - often do not have time to listen to views but just need to give instructions. If this is the case need to tell people at the beginning of the meeting. |  |  |

| Support needed    |  |  |
|-------------------|  |  |
| From the team to give me honest feedback |  |  |

| Measure of success |  |  |
|--------------------|  |  |
| Feedback from the team to say that I am listening to them more and taking other people’s suggestions |  |  |

| Benefit            |  |  |
|--------------------|  |  |
| Other people will listen to me |  |  |
| I will get to hear everyone’s views |  |  |

| When?              |  |  |
|--------------------|  |  |
| In team meetings Starting from today |  |  |

<p>| Specific Action    |  |  |
|--------------------|  |  |
| Listen to others |  |  |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action Planner</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Barriers</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Support needed</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Measure of success</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Benefit</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>When?</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Specific Action</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Measure of success**
- **Benefit**
- **When?**
- **Specific Action**
Scoring Anomalies

If you find that one person has consistently scored you differently from everyone else then it is usually one of 3 reasons:

- They have misunderstood the scoring system
- For some reason they have a different perception of you from other people.
- You behave differently with this one person than you do with everyone else

Best thing is not to get hung up on this - ask yourself if you do behave consistently differently with one person. If not then it is probably a misunderstanding.